

Drought Information Statement for the Missouri Ozarks Valid September 5, 2024 Issued By: WFO Springfield, MO

Contact Information: contact.sgf@noaa.gov

This product will be updated October 3, 2024 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.

- Please see all currently available products at <u>https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements</u>.
- Please visit <u>https://www.weather.gov/sgf/SGFDroughtMonitor</u> for additional information.







U.S. Drought Monitor

Link to the latest U.S. Drought Monitor for Lower Midwest

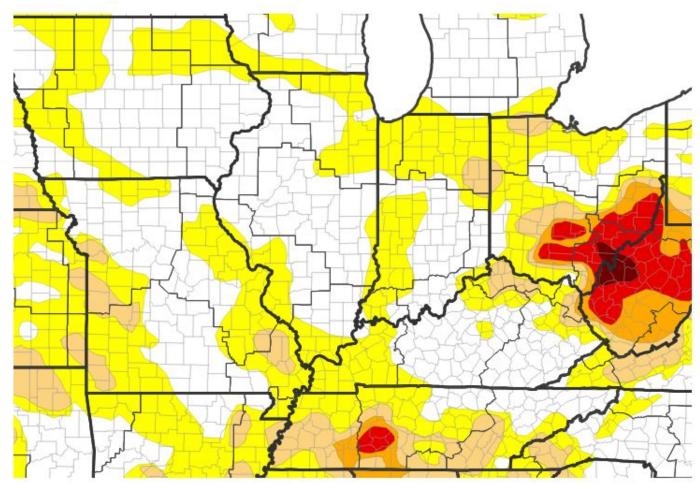
Drought Potential Across the Ozarks Region

Drought conditions across the Ozarks Ο improved early this year though lingering long term dryness has remained. The forecast for the month of September looks rather dry which may allow drought conditions to worsen through the month.

Drought Intensity and Extent

- D1 (Moderate Drought): Areas including Ο portions of Barry, McDonald, Newton, Jasper, Polk, Hickory, Benton, St. Clair, and Vernon Counties in Missouri and Crawford and Cherokee Counties in Kansas.
- D0: (Abnormally Dry): Additional areas of Ο southwestern Missouri and southeastern Kansas generally along and west of Highway 65 and some of the Mark Twain National Forest.

U.S. Drought Monitor



U.S. Drought Monitor





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Data Valid: 08/27/24



State Drought Monitor

Link to Recent Change Maps

U.S. Drought Monitor Kansas

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D
Current	6.24	93.76	51.22	8.89	0.00	0.
Last Week 08-27-2024	7.96	92.04	50.07	11.76	0.00	0.
3 Month s Ago 06-04-2024	35.98	64.02	42.17	15.61	0.77	0.(
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	20.54	79.46	53.43	19.44	2.88	0.
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	18.61	81.39	64.30	45.56	20.60	1.(
One Year Ago	16.23	83.77	69.84	48.25	20.41	1.(

September 3, 2024

(Released Thursday, Sep. 5, 2024)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT



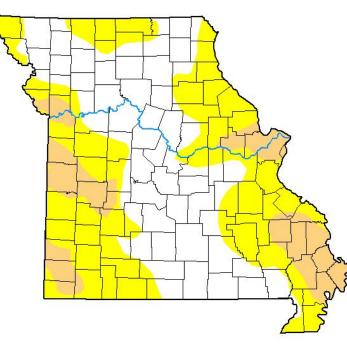
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Lindsay Johnson National Drought Mitigation Center







Main Takeaways

Drought conditions may slowly return this fall as underlying long term dry conditions and limited chances for rainfall over the next few weeks are expected.



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September 3, 2024

(Released Thursday, Sep. 5, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area) None D0-D4 D1-D4 D2-D4 D3-D4 D4 44.31 55.69 14.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 Current Last Week 48.30 51.70 9.90 0.00 0.00 0.00 08-27-2024 Months Ar

06-04-2024	89.06	10.94	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	6.73	93.27	71.50	30.45	<mark>1</mark> .09	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	18.08	<mark>81.</mark> 92	54.87	27.22	9.04	0.00
One Year Ago 09-05-2023	22.12	77.88	53.00	25.27	8.53	0.00

Intensity:

None

D0 Abnormally Dry

D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

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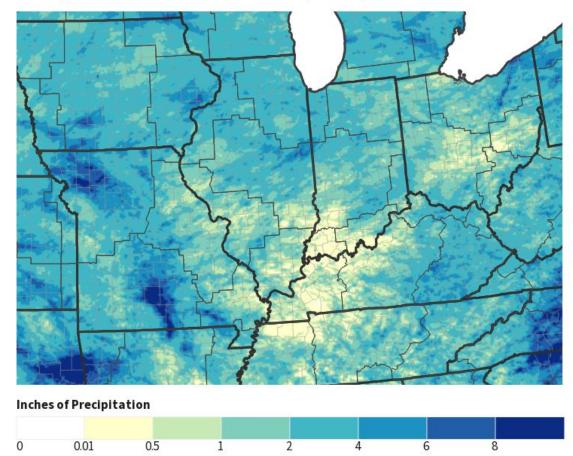


droughtmonitor.unl.edu



Precipitation

30-Day Precipitation Accumulations (Inches)

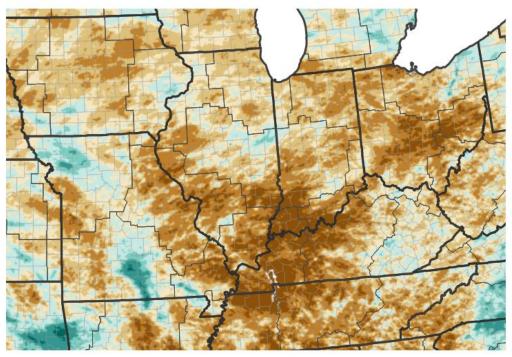


Source(s): National Weather Service Multi-Radar Multi-Sensor System; Last Updated: 09/04/24 image courtesy of Drought.gov

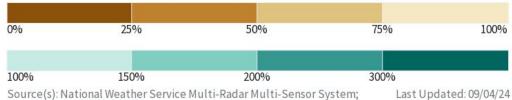
Main Takeaways

- Portions of south central Missouri saw above average rainfall.
- Elsewhere, precipitation was generally near to below average.

30-Day Percent of Normal Precipitation



Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)



Source(s): National Weather Service Multi-Radar Multi-Sensor Syst image courtesy of Drought.gov



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Summary of Impacts

Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

Hydrologic Impacts

- Streamflow percentiles over the past 7 days were slightly below average for the Spring River basin in SE Kansas and SW Missouri along with the Osage River Basin in central Missouri.
- Conversely, streamflow percentiles over the past 7 days were slightly above average for portions of central and south central Missouri.

Agricultural Impacts

Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMORs) were beginning to report dry grass, minor crop impacts, localized wildfires in D0 and D1 areas.

Fire Hazard Impacts

There are no known impacts at this time. However, longer range forecasts indicate the potential for developing wildfire concern for October.

Other Impacts

There are no known impacts at this time.

Mitigation actions

- for livestock.



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Farmers and ranchers were beginning to consider supplementing water and feed

The Missouri Department of Agriculture has an AgriStress Helpline at 833-897-2474.

The University of Missouri Extension Office has a **Psychological Service Clinic to** aid farmers and ranchers.

More information is available at muext.us/PSCFarmRanch.



Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

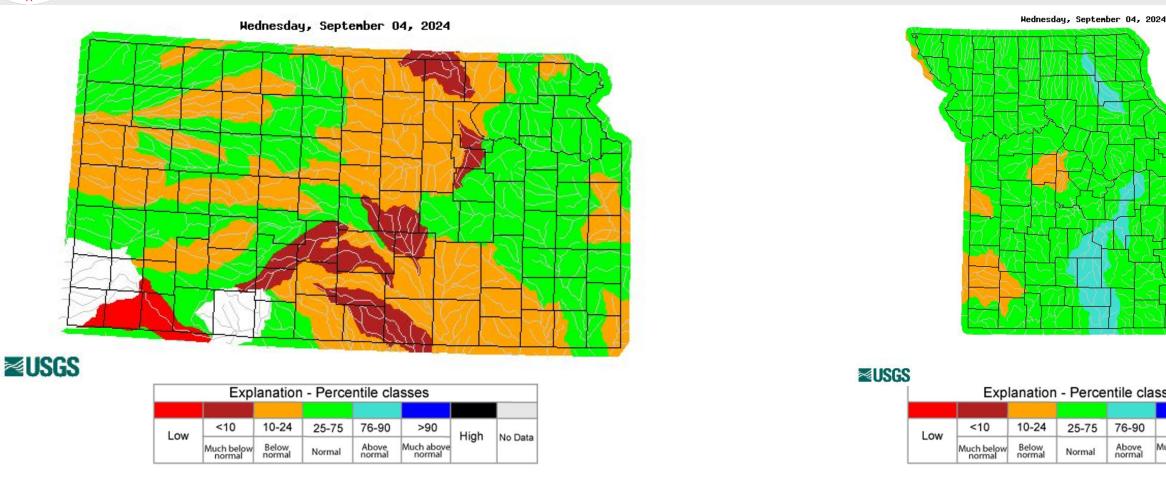


Image Caption: : USGS 7 day average streamflow HUC map - Kansas.

Image Caption: : USGS 7 day average streamflow HUC map - Missouri.

Main Takeaways

Streamflow percentiles over the past 7 days were near average across most of the area, with a few locations seeing below or even locally above average streamflow.



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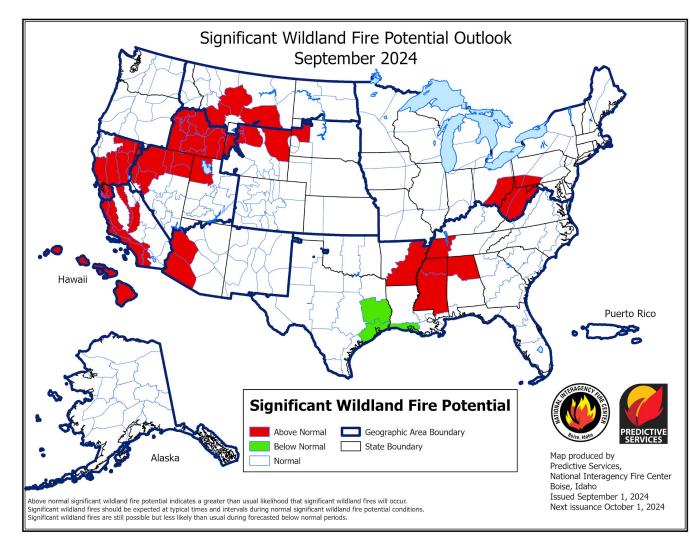


sses				
>90	High			
Much above normal	High	No Data		



Fire Hazard Impacts

Link to Wildfire Potential Outlooks from the National Interagency Coordination Center





Main Takeaways

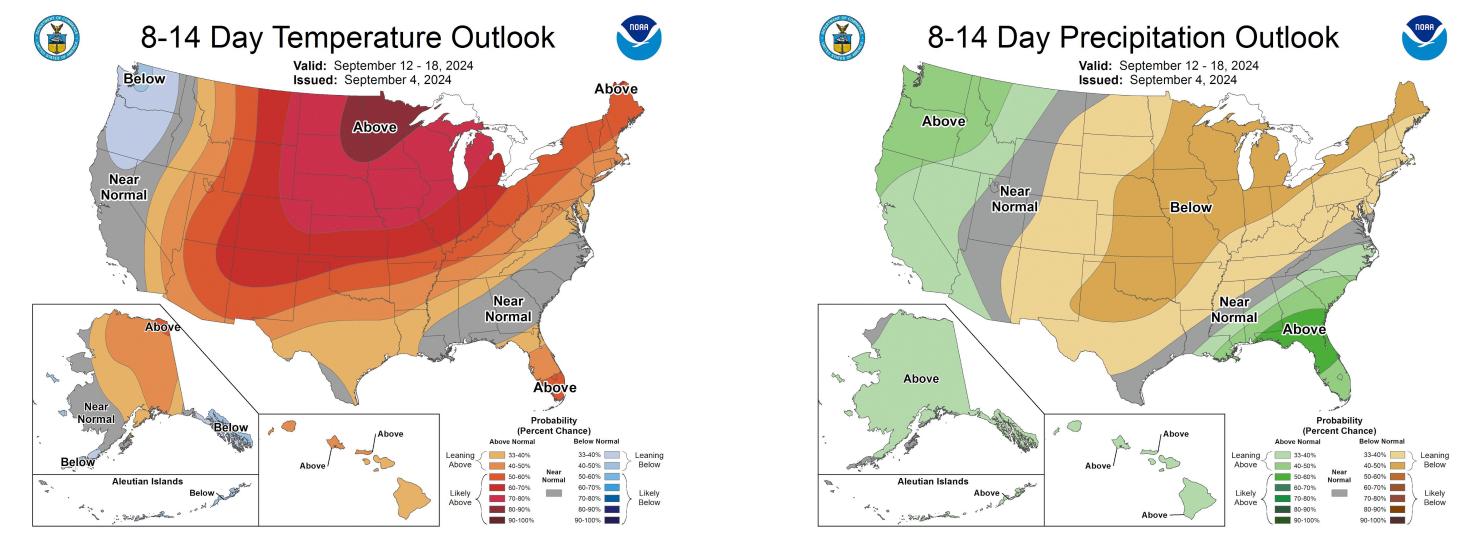
Current conditions in September were near average for the time of year; however, a potential dry period for much of September may lead to enhanced fire potential for October.



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The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage



Main Takeaways

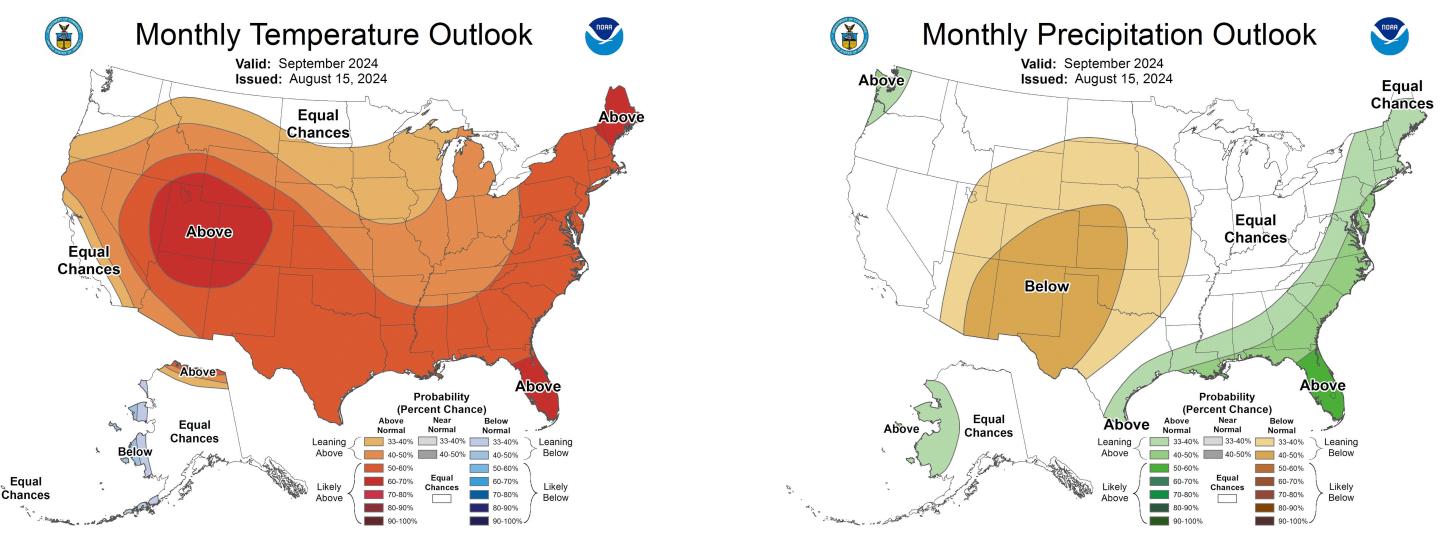
• Above average temperatures and below average precipitation are favored.



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Monthly Outlooks

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage



Main Takeaways

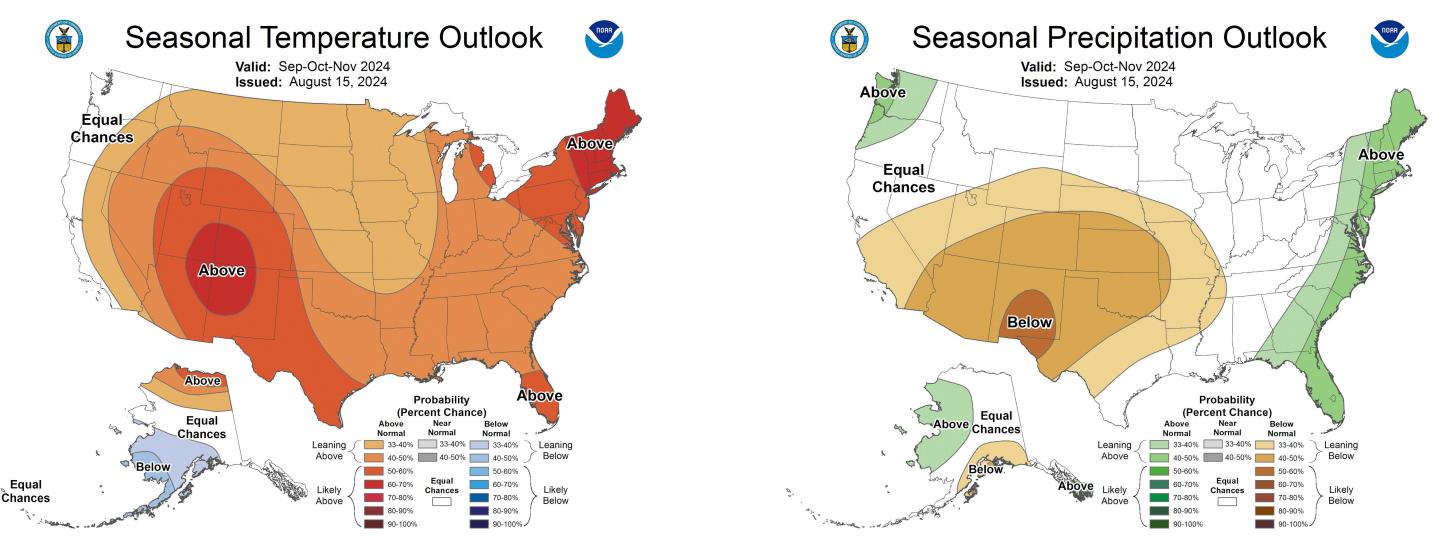
Above average temperatures and equal chances to below average precipitation are favored this month.



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The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage



Main Takeaways

• Leaning above average temperatures and below average precipitation.



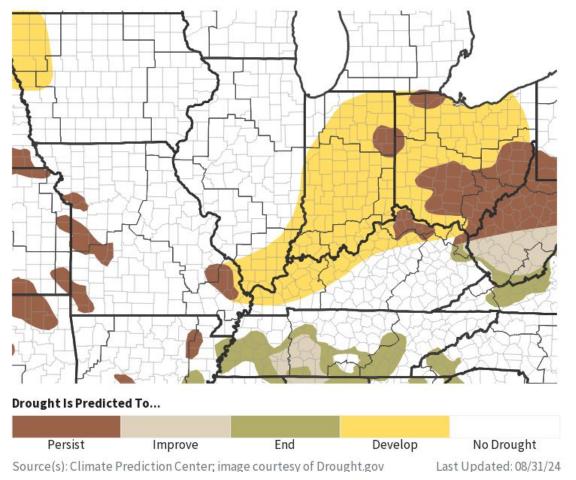
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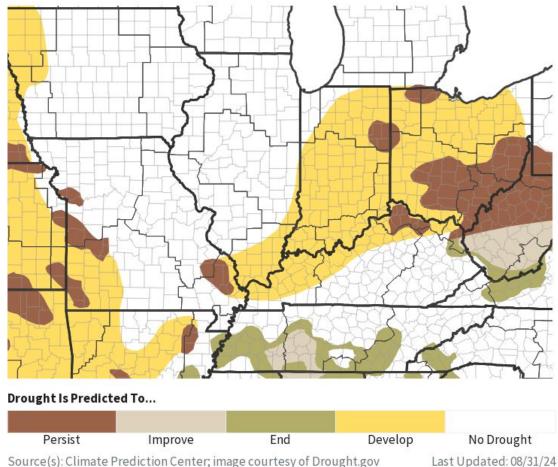
Drought Outlook

Climate Prediction Center Monthly Drought Outlook | Climate Prediction Center Seasonal Drought Outlook

1-Month Drought Outlook for September 1, 2024-September 30, 2024



Seasonal (3-Month) Drought Outlook for August 31, 2024-November 30, 2024



Main Takeaways

- Localized areas of Drought persists through September.
- Drought remains with potential development of deterioration through November.



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Additional Drought Resources

For Additional Information

- NWS Springfield Webpage | IDSS Point Forecasts \rightarrow
- **NWS Springfield Drought Monitor Resources** \rightarrow
- Graphical Hazardous Weather Outlook \rightarrow
- Missouri Drought Monitor | Kansas Drought Monitor \rightarrow
- **Drought Monitor Archive** \rightarrow
- **CPC Drought Information** \rightarrow
- National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS) \rightarrow
- National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC) \rightarrow
- Missouri USGS Streamflows | Kansas USGS Streamflows \rightarrow
- **Drought Safety** \rightarrow





Agriculture Farms, ranches, and grazing lands suffer, and increases the cost of their products



Harms fish, wildlife, and plants, as well as he benefits these ecosystems provide

1	Manufa
	Interruptions in reduction of pro

cturing the water supply can result in a ductivity or closure of facilities

During a Drought be Vigilant

Conserve Water

Practice Fire Prevention Follow Directions from Local Officials

Trinity Lake, CA, dry lakebed during California Drought, 2014. Photo: USGS



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Public Health

A decrease of water can lead to an increase of illness,



Wildfire Management Dry, hot, and windy weather combined with dried out vegetation can lead to more large-scale wildfires



Energy

Production of all types of energy requires water, and drought can severely impact energy systems and prices

weather.gov



